

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED** (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 26 & 27 of the Statement which describes the Management's evaluation of business operations halted due to restrictions imposed by regulators and impact on the performance of the Company, and further evaluation of past COVID-19 impact on the future performance of the Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Payables Yearend payable carry risk in general which include proceeds from past trade receivables and advance given, to pay outstanding balances. Due to these factors we have identified testing of recoverability of past receivables, advances and trade payable as key audit matter.	Our audit procedure for these areas included: We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested operating effectiveness of controls. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Analyzed aging at yearend. - In respect of material balances, inspected relevant documents and correspondence with parties, wherever available. We draw attention to note 26 & 27 of the Statement.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's management and board of directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We are required to communicate the matters to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The auditors' responsibilities relating to other information'.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

Responsibility of Management and Board of Director for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

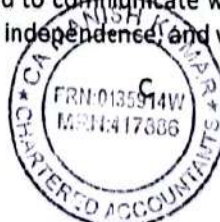
As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act and rules thereunder, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of sub-section (16) of Section 197 of the Act, as amended, we report that to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigation which would have impact on its financial position.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. The company is not required to transfer any amount to Investor Education & Protection Fund.



iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as provided in (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

FOR MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
ICAI Firm Reg. No. : 0135914W



CA MANISH KUMAR
PROPRIETER

Membership No. : 417886
UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141

Place: Kolkata
Date: August 10, 2024

"Annexure A"

Annexure referred to in paragraph under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date.

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of accounts and the records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment:
- (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
B. The Company does not have intangible assets during the year and hence, reporting under Clause 3(i)(a)(B) is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment, so as to cover all the assets every year which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, Property, Plant and Equipment due for verification during the year were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) Based on our examination of the property tax receipts, registered sale deed/ transfer deed/ conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties, disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on such verification.
(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate from banks on the basis of security of current assets.
- (iii) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms and limited liability partnerships or any other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under clause 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the operations of the Company.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
(a) In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues, as applicable, to the appropriate authorities.
(b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) The Company is regular in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to lenders.
(b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
(c) The Company has utilised the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purpose for which they were obtained.
(d) According to the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
(e) The Company does not have subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
(f) The Company does not have subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
(b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
(b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year.
(c) As represented to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.



- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Act with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) In our opinion, during the year, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors, and hence, provisions of section 192 of Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b), and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans, and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of the balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



- (xix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing project, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act.

FOR MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
ICAI Firm Reg. No. : 0135914W



Manish

CA MANISH KUMAR
PROPRIETER

Membership No. : 417886

UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141

Place: Kolkata

Date: August 10, 2024

"Annexure B"**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED** (the "Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and board of directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Kolkata
Date: August 10, 2024



FOR MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
ICAI Firm Reg. No. : 0135914W



CA MANISH KUMAR
PROPRIETER
Membership No. : 417886
UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141

SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024

		INR March 31, 2024	INR March 31, 2023
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	12,64,37,800	12,64,37,800
Reserves and Surplus	4	21,07,89,121	97,43,61,692
		33,72,26,921	1,10,07,99,492
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	21,13,712	54,49,539
Long-term provisions	6	9,28,808	9,28,808
Deffered Tax Liability (net)		14,48,508	14,48,508
		44,91,028	78,26,855
Current Liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	7	21,53,578	20,00,541
Trade payables	8	1,02,29,899	52,51,22,77,583
Other current liabilities	9	20,32,589	84,76,95,45,987
		1,44,16,066	1,37,28,38,24,111
TOTAL		35,61,34,015	1,38,39,24,50,458

Assets

Non-current assets

Property, Plant and Equipment:

Tangible Assets	10	15,47,56,924	15,33,40,129
		15,47,56,924	15,33,40,129

Long-term loans and advances	11	20,65,850	26,21,550
		15,68,22,774	15,59,61,679

Current assets

Inventories	12	-	3,15,25,20,585
Trade receivables	13	-	1,06,23,18,85,385
Cash and bank balances	14	18,08,48,337	17,07,91,014
Short-term loans and advances	11	1,84,62,904	28,68,12,91,794
		19,93,11,241	1,38,23,64,88,779
Total		35,61,34,015	1,38,39,24,50,458

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1
& 3-31

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN: 0135914W

Manish Kumar

CA MANISH KUMAR
(Proprieter)
Membership no.: 417886
UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141



Vaibhav Dipak Shah
Chairman - Managing Director & CFO
DIN: 03302936

Samir Gaonkar
[Director]
DIN: 03100710
Place: Surat

Place: Kolkata
Date: August 10, 2024

SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

		(INR in Lakh)	
	Notes	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Income			
Revenue from operations (net)	16	-	5,47,498.88
Other Income	17	107.55	12,307.71
	Total	107.55	5,59,806.59
Expenses			
Cost of Materials Consumed	18	-	3,90,696.48
Purchase of goods traded	19	-	1,65,062.31
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	20	-	(171.13)
Employee benefits expense	21	184.40	374.53
Balances written off / back (net) on business halted	22	7,120.23	-
Other expenses	23	270.16	898.55
	Total	7,574.79	5,56,860.74
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)		(7,467.24)	2,945.85
Depreciation expense	11	-	111.20
Finance costs	24	4.31	230.73
Profit before tax		(7,471.55)	2,603.92
Tax expenses			
Current tax		-	580.53
Tax of earlier years		164.19	
Deferred tax		-	16.80
Total tax expenses		164.19	597.34
Profit for the year		(7,635.74)	2,006.58
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share INR 10 (31 March 2023: INR 10)]			
Basic and diluted	25		
Computed on the basis of total profit for the year		(60.39)	15.87
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1 & 3-38		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN: 0135914W

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED



CA MANISH KUMAR
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 417886
UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141



Vaibhav Dipak Shah
Chairman - Managing Director & CFO
DIN: 03302936

Samir Gaonkar
[Director]
DIN: 03100710
Place: Surat

Place: Kolkata
Date: August 10, 2024

SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED
Cash flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

	For the year 2023-24	(INR in Lakh) For the year 2022-23
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net profit before taxation and extraordinary items	(7,471.55)	2,603.92
Add/(Less) Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	-	111.20
Interest on Bank Deposits	(107.55)	(34.95)
Finance Costs	4.31	230.72
Balances written off / back (net) on business halted	7,120.23	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	(454.56)	2,910.89
Movements in working capital :		
Increase/ (Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	-	3.10
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	102.30	3,11,789.28
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities	20.33	2,38,545.50
[Increase]/ Decrease in Long Term Advances	5.56	-
[Increase]/ Decrease in Trade Receivable	-	(3,04,509.06)
[Increase]/ Decrease in Inventories	-	36,630.06
[Increase]/ Decrease in Other current assets	535.45	(2,83,166.31)
Net cash from operating activities before income tax	209.08	2,203.46
Direct taxes paid [Net of refunds]	164.19	580.83
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	44.89	1,622.63
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of Fixed assets including work-in-progress	-	(874.96)
Interest on Bank Deposits	107.55	34.95
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	107.55	(840.01)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
(Repayment) / Proceeds from borrowings	(33.35)	(134.94)
(Repayment) / Proceeds from borrowings	-	(29.99)
Interest paid	(4.31)	(230.72)
Net cash flow from/(used in) in financing activities (C)	(37.66)	(395.65)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	114.78	386.96
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,707.90	1,320.93
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 15)	1,808.50	1,707.90

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1
& 3-38

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under Indirect Method set out in Accounting Standard 3 of accounting standard issued by the ICAI.

As per our report of even date

For MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN: 0135914W

Manish
Mk

CA MANISH KUMAR

(Proprietor)

Membership no.: 417886

UDIN: 24417886BKBDLU6141

Place: Kolkata

Place: Kolkata



Vaibhav Dipak Shah
Chairman - Managing Director & CFO
DIN: 03302936

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Samir Gaonkar

[Director]

DIN: 03100710

Place: Surat

SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

1 Corporate information

Sagar Diamonds Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on 15 July, 2015. The Company is engaged in the business of Rough & Polished Diamonds, sale, export and trading of diamond studded jewellery and gold & silver items. The Company's shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)/ SME platform.

2 Basis of preparation

- [a] The financial statements of Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards notified Under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year, except for the change in accounting policy explained below.
- [b] Accounting policies not specifically referred to otherwise are consistent and in consonance with generally accepted accounting principles. In applying the accounting policies considerations have been given to prudence, substance over form and materiality.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Use of estimates

The presentation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialized.

b. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition and installation, net of credits / GST availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation.

c. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the Property, Plant and Equipment as prescribed in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on Straight line Method (SLM) method.

d. Employee Benefits:

Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absences, etc, and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-Employment Benefits :

i. Defined Contribution Plans :

State Governed Provident Fund scheme and employees state insurance scheme are defined contribution plans. The contribution paid / payable under the scheme is recognized during the period in which the employees renders the related services.

ii. Defined Benefit Plans:

The employee's gratuity fund scheme and compensated absences is company's defined benefit plans. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefits entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date, having maturity periods approximating to the terms of related obligations.



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the profit and loss account.

Gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of any defined benefits plans are recognized when the curtailment or settlement occurs. Past service cost is recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

iii. Long term employee benefits :

The obligation for long term employee benefits such as long term compensated absences, is recognized in the same manner as in case of defined benefit plans as mentioned in d) ii) above.

e. Inventories

Inventories are valued as under :

i. Products:

Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value and for this purpose cost is determined on weighted average basis. Due provision for obsolescence is made.

ii. Work-in-progress:

At cost or net realisable value, whichever, is lower. Cost is determined using standard cost method which approximates historical cost.

f. Revenue recognition

i. Revenue is recognized when it is earned and reasonable certainty exist as to its realization or collection.

ii. Revenue from sales of goods is recognized on delivery of the products, when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied, the property in the goods is transferred for a price, significant risks & rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and no effective ownership is retained.

iii. Sales are net of trade discounts and GST.

g. Foreign currency transactions and balances

i. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are normally recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of the transaction.

ii. Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

iii. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Profit & Loss Account.

iv. Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on translation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

h. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

i. Income taxes

Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Deferred tax is recognized, subject to the consideration of prudence, on timing difference being the difference between taxable incomes and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Where there is carry forward losses deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Other deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty of realization in future. Such assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to reassess realization. Deferred tax assets on unabsorbed Depreciation/Loss are not recognized to the extent there is reasonable uncertainty of realization in future.

j. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the company has present obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed by way of notes of accounts.

Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

k. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

l. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

n. Amendments to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) issued notifications dated 24th March, 2021 to amend Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 to enhance the disclosures required to be made by the Company in its financial statements. These amendments are applicable to the Company for the financial year starting 1st April, 2021 and applied to the standalone financial statements:

- a. Additional disclosure for shareholding of promoters.
- b. Additional disclosure for ageing schedule of trade receivables, trade payables, capital work-in-progress.
- c. Specific disclosure such as compliance with approved schemes of arrangements, compliance with number of layers of companies, title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Company, loans and advances to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMP) and related parties etc.
- d. Additional disclosures relating to undisclosed income.



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
3 Share capital		
Authorized share capital		
1,35,00,000 (at March 31, 2023: 1,35,00,000) equity shares of INR 10/- each	1,350.00	1,350.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital		
1,26,43,780 (at March 31, 2023: 1,26,43,780) equity shares of INR 10/- each	1,264.38	1,264.38
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	1,264.38	1,264.38

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period Equity shares

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the period	1,26,43,780	1,264.38	1,26,43,780	1,264.38
Add / Less during the period	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	1,26,43,780	1,264.38	1,26,43,780	1,264.38

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Number	% holding in the class	Number	% holding in the class
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid				
Vaibhav Dipak Shah	62,27,860	49.26	62,27,860	49.26
SG Diamonds LLP	30,01,260	23.74	30,01,260	23.74

d. Details of shareholding of Promoters in the company as at March 31, 2024

Sr. No.	Promoters / Promoter Group Name	Class of Shares	Number of shares held	% of total shares	% change during the year
1	Vaibhav Dipak Shah	Equity Shares	62,27,860	49.26	-
2	SG Diamonds LLP	Equity Shares	30,01,260	23.74	-

Details of shareholding of Promoters in the company as at March 31, 2023

Sr. No.	Promoters / Promoter Group Name	Class of Shares	Number of shares held	% of total shares	% change during the year
1	Vaibhav Dipak Shah	Equity Shares	62,27,860	49.26	-
2	SG Diamonds LLP	Equity Shares	30,01,260	23.74	-

4 Reserves and surplus

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security Premium	1,183.35	1,183.35
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per last financial statements	8,560.27	6,553.65
Profit for the year	(7,635.74)	2,006.58
Total reserves and surplus	2,107.88	9,743.58



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

5 Long-term borrowings

	Non-current portion		Current maturities	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Term loans				
Inter Corporate Deposit	-	11.76	-	-
Against hypothecation of vehicle	21.14	42.73	21.54	20.01
	21.14	54.49	21.54	20.01
The above amount includes				
Secured borrowings	21.14	42.73	21.54	20.01
Unsecured borrowings	-	11.76	-	-
Amount disclosed under the head "short term borrowings" (note 8)	-	-	(21.54)	(20.01)
Net amount	21.14	54.49	-	-

a. Vehicle Loans obligations are secured by hypothecation of vehicles taken on lease. The loans are repayable in 60 monthly installments along with interest of 7.40 % p.a. from the date of loan.

b. Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.

c. The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

d. The Company do not have any changes or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

6 Provisions

	Long-term		Short-term	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for gratuity	9.29	9.29	-	-
	9.29	9.29	-	-

7 Deferred Tax Liability / (Assets)

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Deferred Tax Liability / (Assets)	14.49	14.49
	14.49	14.49

8 Short-term borrowings

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (note 5)	21.54	20.01
	21.54	20.01
The above amount includes		
Secured borrowings	21.54	20.01

9 Trade payables

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises (refer note no 31)	-	-
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises	102.32	5,25,122.78
	102.32	5,25,122.78



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2024					Total
	NOT DUE	< 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	102.32	-	-	-	102.32
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	102.32	-	-	-	102.32

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2023					Total
	NOT DUE	< 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	3,15,754	1,83,510.90	1,052.59	24,805.47	5,25,122.78
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	3,15,754	1,83,510.90	1,052.59	24,805.47	5,25,122.78

10 Other current liabilities

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Statutory liabilities	20.34	52.87
Advance received from customers	-	8,47,642.60
	20.34	8,47,695.47

11 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer	Total
Gross Block							
As at March 31, 2023	25.09	708.53	101.09	112.91	805.64	23.07	1,776.33
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	25.09	708.53	101.09	112.91	805.64	23.07	1,776.33
Depreciation							
As at March 31, 2023	-	23.98	54.92	21.42	127.66	14.96	242.94
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	-	23.98	54.92	21.42	127.66	14.96	242.94
Impairment Loss							
As at March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Block:							
As at March 31, 2024	25.09	684.55	46.17	91.49	677.98	8.11	1,533.39
As at March 31, 2023	25.09	684.55	46.17	91.49	677.98	8.11	1,533.39

a. Vehicles include vehicles amounting to INR 521.53 Lakh (P.Y. INR 521.53 Lakh) which are held in the name of Director of the Company.

b. All immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.

c. All CWIP during the year has capitalised in respective head of asset and CWIP balance at March 31, 2024 is Rs. Nil.

d. All above projects/Plant & Machinery are within expected cost and timeline.

: 9 :



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

12 Loans and advances

	Long-term		Short-term	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security deposit				
Unsecured, considered good	20.66	26.22	-	-
(A)	20.66	26.22	-	-
Advances recoverable in cash or kind				
Unsecured considered good	-	-	0.20	292.43
(B)	-	-	0.20	292.43
Other loans and advances				
Prepaid exp	-	-	-	2.13
Loans to employees	-	-	8.22	2.97
Advance given to suppliers	-	-	-	2,86,351.53
Balances with government authorities	-	-	176.23	163.85
(C)	-	-	184.45	2,86,520.48
Total (A+ B + C)	20.66	26.22	184.65	2,86,812.91

There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans or advance granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:

- repayable on demand; or
- without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

13 Inventories

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Raw materials	-	29,204.26
Work-in-process	-	1,162.97
Finished Goods	-	1,157.99
	-	31,525.22

14 Trade receivables

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good	-	10,22,260.48
Doubtful	-	-
(A)	-	10,22,260.48
Other receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	-	40,058.37
(B)	-	40,058.37
Total (A + B)	-	10,62,318.85



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2024						Total
	Not Due	< 6 months	6 month-1 yr	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Trade receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2023						Total
	Not Due	< 6 months	6 month-1 yr	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	40,058.37	2,66,137.01	3,99,420.41	1,56,944.02	1,99,759.04	10,62,318.85
Undisputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Trade receivable		40,058.37	2,66,137.01	3,99,420.41	1,56,944.02	1,99,759.04	10,62,318.85

15 Cash and bank balances (Current)

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Balances with banks on current accounts	891.08	857.25
Balances with banks on deposit accounts	917.42	847.88
Cash on hand	-	2.77
	1,808.50	1,707.90

16 Revenue from operations

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products	-	5,47,498.88
Revenue from operations	-	5,47,498.88

17 Other income

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Interest income:		
Bank deposits	-	26.00
Others	107.55	8.94
Foreign exchange rate difference	-	12,272.77
	107.55	12,307.71



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
18 Cost of Materials Consumed		
Inventory at the beginning of the year	29,204.24	64,342.44
Add: Purchases	-	3,55,558.28
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	-	29,204.24
Less: Inventory written off on business halted	(29,204.24)	-
Total cost of material consumed	-	3,90,696.48
19 Purchase of goods traded		
Purchase of goods traded	-	1,65,062.31
Total	-	1,65,062.31
20 (Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress		
	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Inventories at the end of the year	-	1,162.97
Work-in-process	-	1,157.99
Finished Goods	-	-
Inventory written off on business halted	1,162.97	-
Work-in-process	1,157.99	-
Finished Goods	2,320.96	2,320.96
Inventories at the beginning of the year	1,162.97	1,078.82
Work-in-process	1,157.99	1,071.01
Finished Goods	2,320.96	2,149.83
	-	(171.13)
21 Employee benefits expense		
	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Salaries, wages and bonus	163.57	355.09
Contribution to fund	14.86	4.75
Gratuity expenses	-	3.10
Staff welfare expenses	5.97	11.59
	184.40	374.53
22 Balances written off / back (net) on business halted		
	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Balances written off / back (net) on business halted (note 26)	7,120.23	-
	7,120.23	-



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

23 Other expenses

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Power expenses	3.31	6.69
Rent Expenses	61.60	71.15
Freight & forwarding expenses	-	56.15
Travelling & Conveyance	30.62	53.47
Legal & Professional expenses	81.70	434.22
Repairs and maintenance	1.99	50.55
Insurance	6.46	12.75
Selling & Promotion Expenses	-	28.37
Payment to auditor (Refer details below)	12.00	12.00
CSR Expense	-	40.00
Miscellaneous expenses	72.48	133.20
	270.16	898.55

Payment to auditor

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
As auditor:		
Audit fee	12.00	12.00
	12.00	12.00

24 Finance costs

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Interest cost:		
On Term Loan	3.97	6.60
Bank charges	0.34	224.13
	4.31	230.73

25 Earnings per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year 2023-24	For the year 2022-23
Net profit for calculation of basic and diluted EPS	(7,635.73)	2,006.62
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	1,26,43,780	1,26,43,780
Basic and diluted EPS in INR	(60.39)	15.87



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

26 The financial results are prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards, as applicable and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"). As company's operations halted due to restrictions imposed by the regulators, and seems it will take time to restart the operations, the financial results are prepared based on net realisable value and impact given in profit and loss statement till company receives consents from regulators to start the business again.

27 Due to past COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has made assessment of recoverability of the Company's assets such as Trade receivables, loans and advances and inventories, the Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial results. Based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, and as per note 26, the Company do not expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets till start the business again.

Other impact, if any, remains uncertain and may be different from what we have estimated as of the date of approval of these financial results and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

28 Gratuity and other post-employment benefit plans

Company has made provision for payment of gratuity based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit method of INR Nil [PY INR 6.19] respectively at the year end.

Contribution, to defined contribution scheme such as Provident Fund is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

29 Related party disclosures

Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Name	Nature of relationship & manner
Vaibhav Shah	Director, Key Managerial Personnel & Personnel exercising more than 20% voting power
Fatima Shaikh	Director
Monica Soni	Director
Tanuja Parab	Director
Samir Gaonkar	Director
RHC Global Exports Pvt Ltd.	Enterprise significantly influenced by relative of Key Managerial Person by sharing more than 20% in profits

Sagarempire Bullion P. Ltd. Enterprise significantly influenced by Key Managerial Person by sharing more than 20% in profits

Sagarempire Jewels P. Ltd. Enterprise significantly influenced by Key Managerial Person by sharing more than 20% in profits

Related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year:

a. Remuneration / Sitting fees / Other expenses

	2023-24	2022-23
	INR	INR
Vaibhav Shah	34.03	208.00
Fatima Shaikh	5.00	-
Monica Soni	5.00	-
Tanuja Parab	5.00	-
Total	49.03	208.00



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in Lakh)

b. Purchase / Sale / Service purchase

	For the year	Opening Balance	Purchase	Sale	W/O, Payment (Receipts) net	Closing Balance
RHC Global Exports Pvt Ltd	2023-24	1,13,722.82	-	-	(1,13,720.90)	1.92
	2022-23	(1,731.68)	9,981.52	359.11	1,25,077.91	1,13,722.82
Sagarempire Bullion P. Ltd.	2023-24	1,763.81	-	-	(1,763.81)	-
	2022-23	807.70	-	-	956.11	1,763.81
Vaibhav Shah	2023-24	-	18.00	-	1.80	(16.20)
	2022-23	-	-	-	-	-
	2023-24	-	-	-	-	-
	2022-23	-	-	-	-	-
Sagarempire Jewels P. Ltd.	2023-24	1,71,072.51	-	-	1,71,147.12	(74.61)
	2022-23	124.76	-	30,780.01	1,40,167.74	1,71,072.51

30 Contingent liabilities

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	-	-
	-	-

31 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

Based on the information available with the company there are no suppliers who are registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as at March 31, 2024. Hence, the information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is not disclosed.

32 Imported and indigenous raw materials, components and spare parts consumed

	2023-24		2022-23	
	Value	% of total consumption	Value	% of total consumption
Raw Materials & Components				
Imported	-	-	3,90,356.73	99.91
Indigenous	-	-	339.75	0.09
	-	-	3,90,696.48	100.00

33 Earnings in foreign currency (accrual basis) (ending on)

	2023-24	2022-23
	INR	INR
Exports at F.O.B. Value	-	4,06,965.62
	-	4,06,965.62

34 The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') has been notified in the Official Gazette of India on September 29, 2020, which could impact the contributions of the Company towards certain employment benefits. The effective date from which changes are applicable is yet to be notified and the rules are yet to be framed. Impact, if any, of the change will be assessed and accounted in the period of notification of the relevant provisions.



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	Changes between Current FY & Previous FY	Formula	Explanation
1	Current Ratio	13.82	1.01	1272.69%	Current assets / Current liabilities	Due to business halted
2	Debt Equity Ratio	0.01	0.01	67.01%	(Long Term Borrowings + Short Term Borrowings) / Net Worth	Due to business halted
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-1770.63	9.01	-19755.90%	PAT / Interest + Installments	Due to business halted
4	Return on Equity Ratio	-1.06	0.20	-629.49%	Net Profit / Average of Total Equity	Due to business halted
5	Inventory turnover ratio	0.00	10.99	-100.00%	Revenue / Average Inventory for the year	Due to business halted
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	0.00	0.60	-100.00%	Revenue from Operations / Average Trade Receivables	Due to business halted
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	0.00	0.96	-100.00%	COGS & Other expense / Average Trade payables	Due to business halted
8	Net capital turnover ratio	0.00	57.47	-100.00%	Revenue from Operations / Working Capital	Due to business halted
9	Net profit ratio	-7099.71%	0.36%	-1980815.02%	Net Profit / Revenue	Due to business halted
10	Return on Capital employed	-218.66%	25.58%	-954.90%	Earnings before interest, exceptional items and taxes / Capital Employed	Due to business halted
11	Return on Investment	-	-	-	-	-



SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

- 36
- a The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
 - b No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
 - c The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
 - i directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - ii provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - d The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - i directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - ii provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - e The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
 - f The Company does not have any transactions with companies which are struck off.
 - g The Company has not entered with any Scheme(s) of arrangement in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - h The Company do not have any subsidiary, so there is no requirement to comply with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

37 Previous year's figures have been restated wherever necessary to make them comparable with current year's figures.

38 Previous year's figures have been audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants.

As per our report of even date
For MANISH K RAMAWATI & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN: 0135914W

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
SAGAR DIAMONDS LIMITED



CA MANISH KUMAR
(Proprietor)
Membership no.: 417886
UDIN: 244178868KBDLU6141



Vaibhav Dipak Shah
Chairman - Managing Director & CFO
DIN: 03302936

Samir Gaonkar
[Director]
DIN: 03100710
Place: Surat

Place: Kolkata
Date: August 10, 2024